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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/965,253	09/26/2001	Jeffrey Johnson	42390P12455	3010
8791	7590	05/06/2004	EXAMINER	
BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN 12400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD, SEVENTH FLOOR LOS ANGELES, CA 90025			NGUYEN, DANNY	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2836	

DATE MAILED: 05/06/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

# Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/965,253

Applicant(s)

JOHNSON, JEFFREY

Examiner

Danny Nguyen

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

## Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

## Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 January 2004.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

## Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-30 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

## Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

## Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

## Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_.

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### ***Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114***

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 01/02/2004 has been entered.

### ***Response to Arguments***

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 11, and 21 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1, 2, 5-7, 9-12, 15-17, 19-22, 25-27, 29, 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yue et al. (USPN 6,509,779) in view of Ker (USPN 5,901,022).

Regarding claims 1, 10, 11, 20, Yue discloses a method and an apparatus (see figures 3 and 4) comprises an inductor (110) having an impedance connected in series between an output of a high frequency circuit (20) operating at a frequency and an ESD circuit (40) configured to protect the high frequency circuit from an ESD event, the impedance having substantially high value at that frequency and a substantially low value at the ESD event (e.g. col. 3 and 4, lines 63-4). Yue does not disclose an ESD clamping circuit as claimed. Ker discloses an ESD protection circuit (e.g. see fig. 8) comprises an ESD clamp circuit (500) is connected to an inductor (L) via an ESD circuit (400) to protect electrostatic discharge phenomena. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified to the ESD protection circuit of Yue to incorporate the ESD clamping circuit as taught by Ker in order to protect IC circuit against ESD damage (col. 1, lines 20-26).

Regarding claims 21, 30, Yue discloses a circuit (such as fig. 3 and 4) comprises a high frequency circuit operating at a frequency (e.g. 100), the high frequency circuit having an output (20); an electrostatic discharge ESD circuit (40) configured to protect the high frequency circuit from an ESD event (col. 4, lines 9-15); an inductor (110) having an impedance connected in series between an output of a high frequency circuit (20) operating at a frequency and an ESD circuit (40) configured to protect the high frequency circuit from an ESD event, the impedance having substantially high value at that frequency and a substantially low value at the ESD event (e.g. col. 3 and 4, lines 63-4). Yue does not disclose an ESD clamping circuit as claimed. Ker discloses an ESD protection circuit (e.g. see fig. 8) comprises an ESD clamp circuit (500) is connected to

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an inductor (L) via an ESD circuit (400) to protect electrostatic discharge phenomena. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified to the ESD protection circuit of Yue to incorporate the ESD clamping circuit as taught by Ker in order to protect IC circuit against ESD damage (col. 1, lines 20-26).

Regarding claims 2, 12, 22, Yue discloses the ESD circuit (40) has first and second terminals, the first terminal being connected to one end on the inductor (110), and the second terminal being connected to ground (shown in fig. 3).

Regarding claims 5, 15, 25, Yue et al. disclose the inductor is connected between a first bond pad (10) of the output and a second bond pad (10a) of the ESD circuit (40) on a package substrate in a package encapsulating the high frequency circuit (100d) and the ESD circuit (40) (see fig. 13).

Regarding claims 6, 16, 26, Yue discloses connecting the inductor (110) comprise connecting one end of the inductor to the first bond pad (10) via a first bond wire; and connecting an other end of the inductor to the second bond pad (10a) via a second bond wire.

Regarding claims 9, 19, 29, Yue discloses the high frequency higher than 1 gigahertz (col. 4, lines 24-25).

Regarding claim 7, 17, 27, Yue et al. disclose the high frequency circuit and ESD circuit are on a silicon die mounted on the package substrate (see abstract).

4. Claims 3, 4, 13, 14, 23, 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yue in view of Ker, and further in view of Kleveland et al (USPN

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5,969,929). Yue and Ker do not disclose the ESD circuit is a gate grounded NMOS and a diode. Kleveland discloses an ESD circuit being a gate grounded NMOS (such as 330 shown in fig. 3B) and an ESD circuit being a diode (116 shown in fig. 1). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the ESD circuit of Yue and Ker with a GGNMOS and a diode as taught by Kleveland in order to protect ESD event (col. 5, lines 49-53).

5. Claims 8, 18, 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yue et al in view of Young et al, and further in view of Chiu (USPN 6,414,849). Yue and Ker do not disclose the package is flip-chip BGA package. Chiu discloses the package is flip-chip BGA package (col. 5, line 35). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the integrated circuit of Yue and Ker to use a flip-chip BGA package as taught by Chiu in order to reduce stress in the IC circuit (Chiu, col. 5, lines 48-51).

### ***Conclusion***


6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Danny Nguyen whose telephone number is (571)-272-2054. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon to Fri 8:00 AM to 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian Sircus can be reached on (571)-272-2058. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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4/27/2004



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